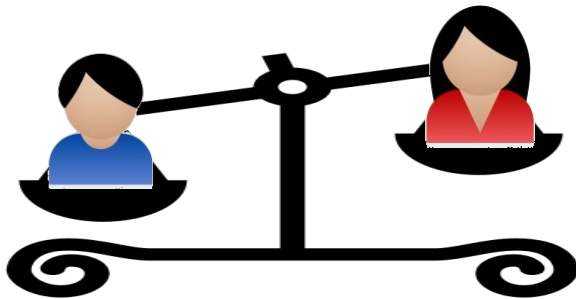




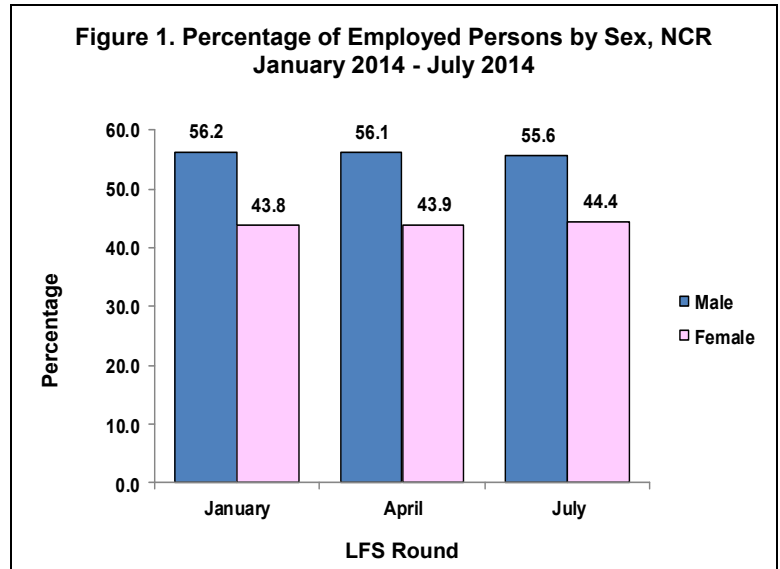
FINAL RESULTS OF THE LABOR FORCE SURVEY: 2012 to 2014



More males than females in NCR

The final results of the July 2014 round of Labor Force Survey (LFS) revealed that males dominated the workforce in NCR with 55.6 percent while females shared only 44.4 percent.

The results of LFS also showed that from 2012 to third quarter of 2013, males consistently dominated the labor sector in NCR. Refer to Table 1 for details.



Source: January 2014 to July 2014 Labor Force Survey

Table 1. Total Labor Force by Employment Status and Sex, Philippines and NCR: January 2012 to July 2014

Year/Quarter	Philippines					NCR				
	Total Labor Force (in thousands)	LFPR	Employed Persons			Total Labor Force (in thousands)	LFPR	Employed Persons		
			Total (Numbers)	Male (%)	Female (%)			Total (Numbers)	Male (%)	Female (%)
2012										
January	40,226	64.2	37,334	60.8	39.2	5,034	63.4	4,468	56.5	43.5
April	40,645	64.7	37,842	60.9	39.1	4,918	61.9	4,405	57.3	42.7
July	40,401	64.0	37,555	60.4	39.6	5,053	63.2	4,553	55.5	44.5
October	40,433	63.9	37,670	61.0	39.0	5,096	63.7	4,535	55.8	44.2
2013										
January	40,834	64.1	37,940	60.2	39.8	5,130	63.7	4,646	54.7	45.3
April	40,906	63.8	37,819	61.1	38.9	5,052	62.7	4,524	56.3	43.7
July	41,178	63.9	38,175	60.9	39.1	5,223	64.3	4,652	55.7	44.3
October	41,172	63.9	38,537	60.7	39.3	5,113	63.2	4,589	56.4	43.6
2014										
January	39,387	63.8	36,418	60.5	39.5	5,151	63.4	4,577	56.2	43.8
April	41,588	65.2	38,664	60.3	39.7	5,258	64.5	4,709	56.1	43.9
July	41,231	64.4	38,453	60.4	39.6	5,290	64.5	4,744	55.6	44.4

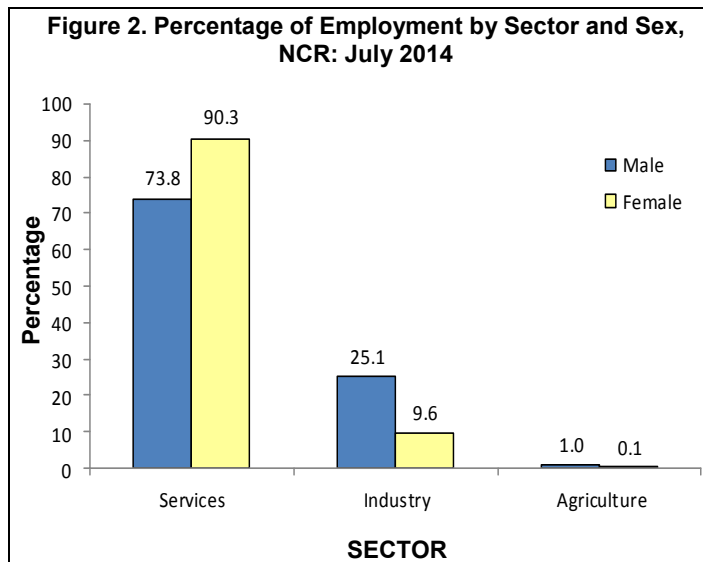
Source: January 2012 to July 2014 Labor Force Survey

Note: The province of Leyte was not covered in the July 2014 LFS



Women dominate Services Sector in NCR

According to the July 2014 results of the labor force survey, the Services Sector in NCR had the highest proportion of employed females at 90.3 percent. Majority of these women were employed in the Wholesale and Retail Trade Industry (28.7%), Other Service Activities (10.6%), and Activities of Households as Employers (8.9%). Refer to Table 2 for details.



Source: July 2014 Labor Force Survey Final Result

Table 2. Employed Persons by Sex and Major Industry Groups, NCR: July 2013 and July 2014

(Values are in thousands. Details may not add up to the totals due to rounding)

Major Industry Group	Labor Force Survey Round			Labor Force Survey Round		
	July 2014			July 2013		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Philippines	38,453	23,242	15,210	38,175	23,265	14,910
NCR	4,744	2,640	2,104	4,652	2,591	2,060
Total (in percent)	100	100	100	100.0	100.0	100.0
AGRICULTURE SECTOR	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.6	1.0	0.1
Agriculture and forestry	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1
Fishing and aquaculture	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.0
INDUSTRY SECTOR	18.2	25.1	9.6	18.4	24.4	11.0
Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	9.9	10.9	8.7	10.5	10.8	10.0
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1
Construction	7.9	13.8	0.6	7.5	12.9	0.7
SERVICES SECTOR	81.1	73.8	90.3	80.9	74.6	89.0
Wholesale and retail; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	23.9	20.1	28.7	24.0	20.1	28.9
Transportation and storage	9.1	15.1	1.7	9.0	15.0	1.6
Accommodation and food service activities	7.7	6.7	8.8	7.8	6.5	9.5
Information and communication	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.0
Financial and insurance activities	2.8	2.2	3.6	2.7	2.0	3.5
Real estate activities	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.7
Professional, scientific and technical activities	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.9
Administrative and support service activities	8.5	8.7	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.2
Public administration and defense; Compulsory social services	5.3	5.6	4.9	5.3	5.9	4.7
Education	3.1	1.7	4.9	3.2	2.0	4.7
Human health and social work activities	2.5	1.9	3.2	2.5	1.8	3.4
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.1
Other service activities	7.3	4.7	10.6	7.5	5.2	10.3
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services producing activities of households for own use	4.2	0.5	8.9	3.7	0.6	7.7
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: July 2013 and July 2014 Labor Force Survey.

Note: The province of Leyte was not covered in the July 2014 LFS

Total Employment: Males outnumber Females across regions

The July 2014 results of Labor Force Survey revealed that across regions, males outnumbered females in terms of total employment in the country. Region IVA topped the rank with 2.93 million employed males, followed by NCR with 2.64 million. Rounding the top three with the most number of employed males was Central Luzon with 2.53 million. Eastern Visayas and Cordillera Administrative Region had the lowest number of employed males with 0.66 and 0.44 million respectively.

In terms of the number of employed females, CALABARZON ranked first with 2.19 million. This was followed closely by the National Capital Region and Central Luzon with 2.10 million and 1.55 million employed females, respectively. Refer to Table 3 for details.

Highest proportion of employed males in ARMM

In terms of proportion, ARMM's work force was dominated by males, comprising 72.0 percent of the total. Cagayan Valley followed with 64.4 percent, Eastern Visayas and SOCCSKSARGEN with 63.2 percent each; while NCR, Central Visayas, and CALABARZON's employed females almost matched its male counterpart, comprising 55.6 percent, 56.9 percent and 57.3 percent, respectively. Refer to Table 3 for details.



Table 3. Total Employed Persons by Region: July 2014
(in thousands)

Region	Total	Male	Female
Philippines	38,453	23,242	15,210
National Capital Region	4,744	2,640	2,104
Cordillera Administrative Region	749	444	304
I-Ilocos Region	2,007	1,267	740
II-Cagayan Valley	1,470	948	523
III-Central Luzon	4,076	2,525	1,552
IVA-CALABARZON	5,118	2,933	2,185
IVB-MIMAROPA	1,310	803	507
V-Bicol Region	2,269	1,433	837
VI-Western Visayas	3,183	1,906	1,277
VII-Central Visayas	3,109	1,771	1,339
VIII-Eastern Visayas	1,041	658	383
IX-Zamboanga Peninsula	1,435	906	529
X-Northern Mindanao	1,966	1,164	803
XI-Davao Region	1,914	1,199	715
XII-SOCCSKSARGEN	1,712	1,082	630
Caraga	1,118	681	437
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	1,229	885	344

Source: July 2014 Labor Force Survey Final Results

Note: The province of Leyte was not covered in the July 2014 LFS

2010 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

More Females than Males in NCR

The results of the 2010 Census of Population and Housing revealed that there were more females than males in NCR. Females accounted for 50.9 percent of the total population compared to 49.1 percent of the male counterpart.

The top three cities with the most number of females were City of San Juan with 54.9 percent, City of Makati with 52.9 percent and City of Las Piñas with 51.5 percent.

Only two cities in NCR were dominated by males. These were the cities of Navotas (50.5%) and Valenzuela (50.2%). Refer to Table 4 for details.

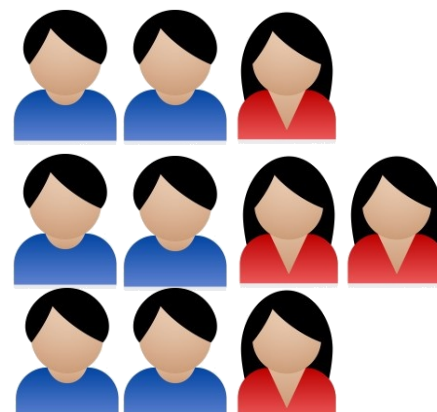


Table 4. Household Population by Sex and Municipality, Philippines and NCR: 2010

	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Philippines	92,097,978	46,459,318	45,638,660
NCR	11,796,873	5,781,807	6,015,066
City of Manila	1,642,743	805,503	837,240
City of Mandaluyong	323,372	159,863	163,509
City of Marikina	424,150	206,821	217,329
City of Pasig	668,569	325,952	342,617
Quezon City	2,751,579	1,342,913	1,408,666
City of San Juan	120,898	54,518	66,380
Caloocan City	1,487,245	741,030	746,215
City of Malabon	352,890	176,073	176,817
City of Navotas	248,831	125,647	123,184
City of Valenzuela	574,840	288,292	286,548
City of Las Piñas	551,886	267,664	284,222
City of Makati	526,952	248,290	278,662
City of Muntinlupa	438,843	213,349	225,494
City of Parañaque	586,322	285,326	300,996
Pasay City	391,456	191,166	200,290
Pateros	64,020	31,511	32,509
Taguig City	642,277	317,889	324,388

Source: 2010 Census of Population and Housing

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